

**BELLA ·
CENTER**
COPEN
HAGEN

Certified



Corporation

ESGO Congress

February 2026

**Event
impact report**

About this report

Bella Center Copenhagen is one of Scandinavia's largest congress centres and the first in Denmark to be certified under both the ISO 14001 and ISO 20121 standards. These standards shape our approach to environmental management and sustainable event planning.

We view the path to net zero by 2050 as a shared responsibility, requiring ongoing learning, transparency, and industry-wide collaboration. To achieve this, we work closely together with clients and suppliers to reduce consumption and promote circular solutions, such as turning waste into new resources, converting food leftovers into biogas, and generating solar energy on site.

To ensure transparency, we provide complimentary event impact reports for all large-scale events, covering CO₂e emissions (scopes 1, 2, and 3), as well as environmental, social, and legacy impacts.

This report guides you through the impact of your event, highlighting both achievements and areas for improvement, and presenting results across key impact categories.

The methodology used to calculate the climate impact of the specified event at Bella Center Copenhagen is outlined in the appendix.



Event overview

ESGO 2026 Congress in Copenhagen

Bella Center Copenhagen proudly hosted the 27th congress of the European Society of Gynaecological Oncology, bringing together 3,470 participants from across the globe for three days of learning, networking, and sharing the latest advancements in gynaecological cancer care.

Event facts

- Event period: 26–28 February 2026
- Utilized space: 16,151 m²
- Total visitors: 3,470
- Event total emissions: 15.5 tCO₂e
- Emissions per visitor: 4.5 kgCO₂e
- Emissions per m²: 1.0 kgCO₂e

Sustainability wins & learnings

Event sustainability highlights

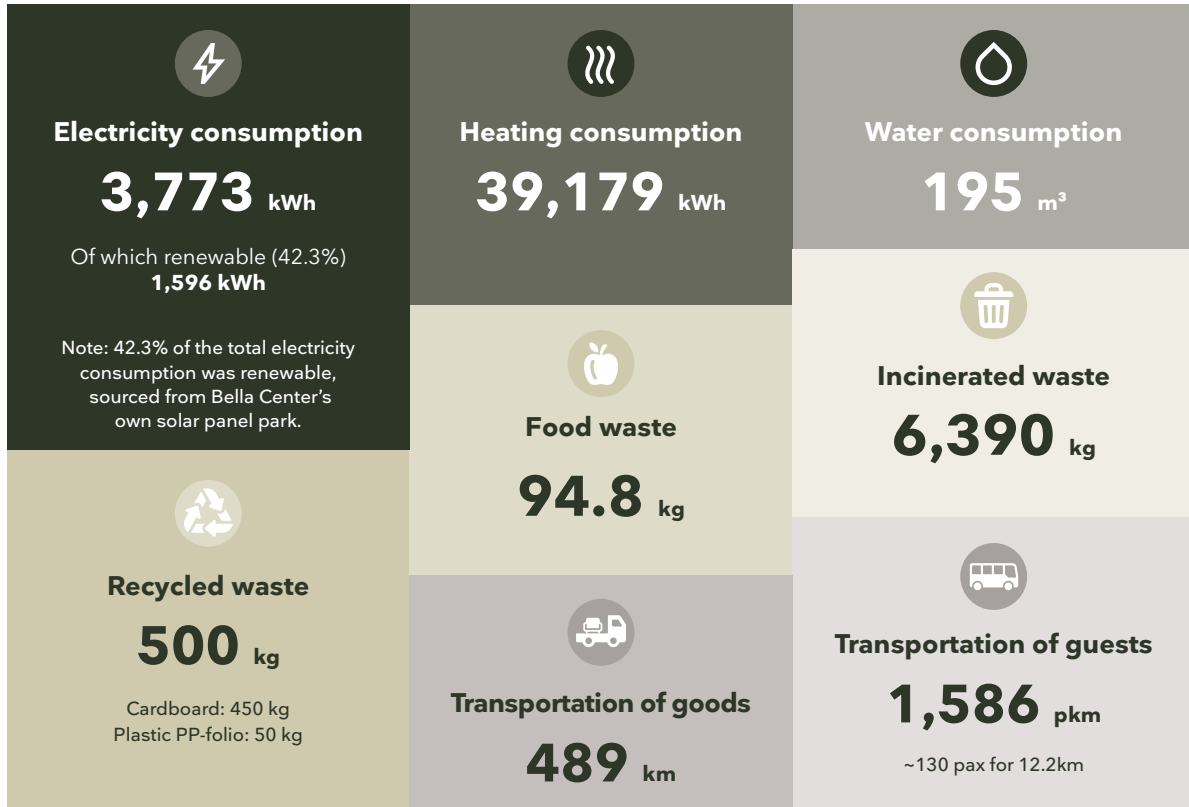
- 1 Strong commitment to sustainability**
Being transparent about sustainability ambitions is an important first step.
- 2 Low impact vegetarian menu**
Serving a fully vegetarian menu significantly reduced the event's CO₂e footprint.
- 3 Limited food waste**
Carefully planned menus and portioning resulted in a low level of food waste.

Areas to improve

- 1 Exhibitor stand-building choices**
Much of the waste came from dismantling stands made with non-reusable materials.
- 2 Reduce disposable paper cups**
Switching to porcelain and glassware can eliminate unnecessary single-use items.
- 3 High spending on signage**
Digital signage is a flexible alternative that lowers both production emissions and waste.

EVENT OVERVIEW

Key consumption figures of the event



Note: Detailed consumption figures are provided in the appendix.

Event climate emissions

Event climate emissions			
Category		Scope 2	Scope 3
Electricity location-based*		0.1 tCO ₂ e	-
Heating		1.6 tCO ₂ e	-
Waste		-	3.1 tCO ₂ e
Food and beverage		-	7.0 tCO ₂ e
Purchased goods		-	3.1 tCO ₂ e
Transportation of goods		-	0.5 tCO ₂ e
Transportation of guests		-	0.1 tCO ₂ e
Total		1.7 tCO ₂ e	13.8 tCO ₂ e
Total emissions (scope 2+3): 15.5 tCO ₂ e			

***Electricity market-based: 1.0 tCO₂e**

The table reports location-based electricity emissions in line with standard reporting practice. Market-based figures are additionally provided for reference.

Event impact

01

ENERGY AND WATER CONSUMPTION

Energy and water use shape an event's footprint. Efficient systems reduce energy-related CO₂e emissions, while responsible water use conserves resources.

Event facts

- Electricity: 3,773 kWh,
of which renewable: 1,596 kWh (42.3%)
- Heating: 36,179 kWh
- Water: 195 m³

Solar panels

Our award-winning 16,000 m² roof-integrated solar panel park, largest of its kind on the Danish island of Zealand, generates approximately 40% of our annual power needs, significantly reducing the climate impact of our events through renewable energy use.



Water

Situated in Copenhagen, Denmark, we are able to utilize some of the world's cleanest tap water for drinking, and we actively encourage our guests to drink tap water instead of bottled water. For that purpose, we serve tap water in pitchers at buffets and have installed water stations at our venues for easy refill of water bottles.



WASTE HANDLING AND DISPOSAL

02

Waste management strongly influences an event's impact. Reducing, reusing, and recycling materials lowers CO₂e emissions and supports a circular approach.

Event facts

- Incinerated waste: 6,390 kg
- Recycled waste: 500 kg
- Food waste: 94.8 kg
- Percentage of total food wasted: 2.6%

From waste to electricity

At Bella Center Copenhagen, non-recyclable waste from events is sent to Amager Bakke (CopenHill), one of the world's cleanest and most energy-efficient waste-to-energy plants. Here, residual waste is transformed into electricity and district heating for up to 95,000 households each year, significantly reducing landfill use and supporting responsible resource management across the city.

Through this process, we ensure that unavoidable waste contributes to Copenhagen's circular energy system.

Sorting and recycling

In Copenhagen, waste sorting and recycling are an integral part of everyday life. Bella Center Copenhagen upholds the same commitment, with paper, glass, metal, plastic, and organic waste collected separately to ensure that valuable materials are reused and reintroduced into production.

By maintaining structured sorting systems and sending residual waste to CopenHill for energy recovery, we support Copenhagen's ambition of becoming the world's first carbon-neutral capital.



FOOD AND BEVERAGE

Food choices have a major climate impact. Seasonal, plant-based menus lower CO₂e emissions significantly. Total emissions include both in-house and partner F&B operation Hansen's Is.

Event facts

- Total food and beverage: 7.0 tCO₂e
- Ingredient breakdown (BC catering):
6% animal-based, 91% plant-based,
and 3% mixed products.

Food and beverage

At Bella Center Copenhagen, food and beverages are integral to the guest experience – and so is the way we source them. Our commitment goes beyond taste: we aim to serve high-quality products that reflect our values and contribute to a more sustainable future.

Our food and beverage choices are guided by key principles:

- Locally sourced and seasonal ingredients
- Fair trade and organic products
- Respect for animal welfare
- Preference for sustainably certified and low-climate impact options



TRANSPORTATION OF GOODS AND GUESTS

04

Transport plays a direct role in an event's CO₂e footprint. Using local suppliers, shared logistics, and low-carbon travel options reduces emissions and supports more sustainable mobility.

Event facts

- Transportation of goods: 489 km
- Transportation of guests: 1586 pkm
~ 130 pax for 12.2 km

Reducing transport-related emissions

On average, around 5%* of an event's total CO₂e emissions stem from the transportation of goods – including deliveries of materials, equipment, and supplies before and during the event.

At Bella Center Copenhagen, we collaborate closely with our logistics partners and suppliers to optimise delivery routes and consolidate shipments, helping to minimise traffic and emissions around the venue.

(*Based on average event data at Bella Center.)

Encouraging low-carbon travel choices

Bella Center Copenhagen's central location offers excellent access to public transportation, making it easy for guests to arrive by metro, bus, or train. Shuttle services can also be arranged, and when organised through Bella Center Copenhagen, related CO₂ emissions are included in the event's footprint report.

Encouraging guests to choose low-impact travel options such as walking, cycling, or using public transport helps reduce emissions.



Event report calculation principles



The climate report is generated through Bellagroup's carbon footprint reporting system in line with the reporting principles of the Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHG Protocol) and a methodology based on the following data and reporting principles.

Energy

Energy data are based on actual consumption of electricity and heating for rented facilities during the build-up, execution, and dismantling of the event. Data do not include Bella Center's own base consumption.

In 2025, 42.3% of event-related electricity consumption was reported as sourced from renewable energy, produced by Bella Center's 16,000 m² roof-integrated solar panel park. This percentage is adjusted annually based on total Bella Center energy consumption and the renewable energy ratio of the previous year.

Scope 3 emissions covering "Fuel- and energy-related activities", associated with the production of fuels and energy purchased and consumed, are not included in the calculations of the climate report. These emissions are accounted for collectively in Bellagroup's annual carbon emission report.

Waste

Waste emissions are calculated on the basis of registered waste volumes, as specified in waste fractions for the individual event.

All waste emission factors include emissions from upstream transportation.

Purchased goods

Data are based on carpets, banners delivered by Bella Center, and additional goods and services provided by Bella Center.

Food and beverage

Food and beverage CO₂e emissions are calculated based on purchased products or meal categories (kg, litres, units). The total food and beverage emissions include all F&B served, while the breakdown of animal- vs. plant-based products covers Bella Center's own food purchases only.

Transportation of goods

Transportation emissions are calculated on the basis of 2025 average event upstream transportation identified through primary event suppliers, including but not limited to F&B, AV, and event service suppliers.

Smaller events with limited services report only emissions from F&B deliveries.

APPENDIX

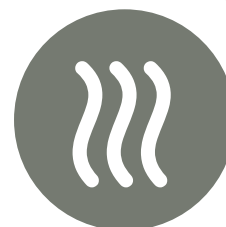


Transportation of guests

Emissions from transportation services organised by Bellagroup are calculated on the basis of the estimated distance between pick-up and drop-off locations. This distance, measured in kilometres, serves as an approximation and does not account for the exact route taken during the trip.

Emission factors are determined according to the type of transport mode:

- Car transportation (EV): Emissions are calculated based on the total kilometres driven and the emission factor specific to electric vehicles. Applies to transport by electric taxis, minivans, and limousines.
- Car transportation (fossil fuel): Emissions are calculated based on the total kilometres driven and the emission factor specific to fossil-fuelled vehicles. Applies to transport by fossil-fuel taxis, minivans, and limousines.
- Bus transportation: For bus services, emissions are accounted per passenger-kilometre (pkm), multiplying the total passenger capacity of the bus by the total distance travelled (km). For regular buses, the calculation uses a passenger capacity of 50 passengers; for double-decker buses, a capacity of 85 passengers is applied.



APPENDIX

Terms of use

- The event climate report is sent to event organizer following the Bella Center event execution.
- The report may be used by the receiver of the report for own scope 3 climate reporting.
- Bellagroup will at the end of the year report collectively on scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions measured and reported on in connection with Bella Center events but will not disclose the precise emissions of external events nor name external events without prior consent from external event organizer.
- Event organizer may not use the Bella Center event climate report for commercial purposes without prior consent from Bella Center.
- Bella Center cannot verify event climate data produced by third party calculations.

Main Report Bella Events, 2026, February - ESGO, 2026

Key Figures GHG Emissions

Summary	Unit	2026	Total
Total Scope 2	tCO2e	1.7	1.7
Total Scope 3	tCO2e	13.8	13.8
Total	tCO2e	15.5	15.5

Category	Unit	2026	Total
Scope 2			
Electricity location-based			
Electricity DK, Koebenhavn	tCO2e	0.1	0.1
Electricity location-based Total	tCO2e	0.1	0.1
Electricity general			
Electricity Renewable, on-site (consumption)	tCO2e	-	-
Electricity general Total	tCO2e	-	-
District heating location			
District heating DK/Copenhagen	tCO2e	1.6	1.6
District heating location Total	tCO2e	1.6	1.6
Scope 2 total	tCO2e	1.7	1.7
Scope 3			
Purchased goods and services			
Signs	tCO2e	3.0	3.0
Carpet (ExpoStyle)	tCO2e	0.1	0.1
Purchased goods and services Total	tCO2e	3.1	3.1
Upstream transportation and distribution			
Truck avg. (WTW)	tCO2e	0.5	0.5
Upstream transportation and distribution Total	tCO2e	0.5	0.5
Waste			
Residual waste, incinerated	tCO2e	3.1	3.1
Cardboard waste, recycled	tCO2e	0.0	0.0
Plastic PP-folio waste, recycled	tCO2e	0.0	0.0
Organic waste, anaerobic digestion	tCO2e	0.0	0.0
Waste Total	tCO2e	3.1	3.1
Downstream transportation and distribution			
Bus local (Nordic) (WTW)	tCO2e	0.1	0.1
Downstream transportation and distribution Total	tCO2e	0.1	0.1
F&B			
Food, unspecified	tCO2e	4.9	4.9
Wine (A1-3)	tCO2e	0.4	0.4
Spirit (A1-3)	tCO2e	0.0	0.0
Beer (A1-3)	tCO2e	0.2	0.2
Soda (A1-3)	tCO2e	0.0	0.0
Still water, bottled (A1-3)	tCO2e	0.5	0.5
Coffee, ground (A1-3)	tCO2e	0.9	0.9
Milk (A1-3)	tCO2e	0.0	0.0
Milk, plant-based (A1-3)	tCO2e	0.0	0.0

	Ice cream (A1-3)	tCO2e	0.1	0.1
	F&B Total	tCO2e	7.0	7.0
	Scope 3 total	tCO2e	13.8	13.8
	Total (Scope 1 + 2)	tCO2e	1.7	1.7
	Total emissions (Scope 1 + 2 + 3)	tCO2e	15.5	15.5

Key Figures Energy

	Category	Unit	2026	Total
Scope 2				
	Electricity			
	Electricity DK, Koebenhavn	MWh	2.2	2.2
	Electricity Total	MWh	2.2	2.2
	Electricity general			
	Electricity Renewable, on-site (consumption)	MWh	1.6	1.6
	Electricity general Total	MWh	1.6	1.6
	District heating location			
	District heating DK/Copenhagen	MWh	39.2	39.2
	District heating location Total	MWh	39.2	39.2
	Scope 2 total	MWh	43.0	43.0
	Total energy	MWh	43.0	43.0
		GJ	154.6	154.6

Key Figures Consumption

Scope 2	Category	Unit	2026	Total
	Electricity			
	Electricity DK, Koebenhavn	kWh	2177.0	2177.0
	Electricity general			
	Electricity Renewable, on-site (consumption)	kWh	1596.0	1596.0
	District heating location			
	District heating DK/Copenhagen	kWh	39179.0	39179.0
Scope 3				
	Purchased goods and services			
	Signs	DKK	100000.0	100000.0
	Carpet (ExpoStyle)	m2	63.0	63.0
	Upstream transportation and distribution			
	Truck avg. (WTW)	km	489.0	489.0
	Waste			
	Residual waste, incinerated	kg	6390.0	6390.0
	Cardboard waste, recycled	kg	450.0	450.0
	Plastic PP-folio waste, recycled	kg	50.0	50.0
	Organic waste, anaerobic digestion	kg	94.8	94.8
	Downstream transportation and distribution			
	Bus local (Nordic) (WTW)	pkm	1586.0	1586.0
	F&B			
	Food, unspecified	kgCO2e	4922.0	4922.0
	Wine (A1-3)	liters	170.8	170.8
	Spirit (A1-3)	liters	0.7	0.7
	Beer (A1-3)	liters	200.3	200.3
	Soda (A1-3)	liters	243.0	243.0
	Still water, bottled (A1-3)	liters	4235.9	4235.9
	Coffee, ground (A1-3)	kg	120.0	120.0
	Milk (A1-3)	liters	50.0	50.0
	Milk, plant-based (A1-3)	kg	8.4	8.4
	Ice cream (A1-3)	liters	84.0	84.0

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